

CEA I PV MAGAZINE PROGRAM TEST REPORT

SUPPLIER | SolarSpace

Author: George Touloupas Date: 12 June 2024 Form Version: V1.0







TABLE OF CONTENTS

| ı. | - 11 | NTRODUCTION | 3 |
|-------|------|--|----|
| 2. | S | SCORING SYSTEM | 3 |
| 2 | 2.1. | Test flowchart and protocol | 3 |
| 2 | 2.2. | · | |
| 2 | 2.3. | | |
| 2 | 2.4. | Visual inspection | 7 |
| 2 | 2.5. | EL image Inspection | 8 |
| 2 | 2.6. | Low irradiance efficiency loss test | 9 |
| 2 | 2.7. | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | |
| 2 | 2.8. | | |
| 2 | 2.9. | | |
| 2 | 2.10 | , | |
| 2 | 2.11 | 1. Score overview | 14 |
| Apı | pe | endix 1 – SS9-66HD-695N Datasheet | 16 |
| | | | |
| Tal-' | lo 1 | 1 Test/inspection grading system everyious | |
| | | 1 Test/inspection grading system overview | |
| | | 2 Detailed scoring system | |
| | | 4 Product information | |
| | | 5 Product picture | |
| | | 6 Visual inspection results | |
| | | 7 EL image inspection results | |
| | | 8 Low irradiance test results | |
| | | 9 Pmax temperature coefficient test result | |
| | | 10 PID loss test result | |
| | | 11 LID loss test result | |
| | | 12 Bifaciality ratio test results | |
| | | | |
| | | 1 Test flowchart | |
| _ | | 2 Product nameplate | |
| | | 3 Visual and EL inspection results | |
| _ | | 4 Low irradiance test result | |
| | | 5 Pmax temperature coefficient test result | |
| _ | | 6 PID loss test result | |
| _ | | 7 LID loss test result | |
| _ | | 8 Test results overview | |
| Figu | ire | 9 Average test grade | 15 |



INTRODUCTION

As part of CEA's engagement in developing and supervising PV Magazine's test program at Gsola, CEA has developed a testing protocol and flowchart, a scoring system, a methodology and a reporting structure that it will be used to run this program. This report presents the test results and scoring grades for this product.

2. **SCORING SYSTEM**

2.1. Test flowchart and protocol

The following is a high-level flowchart of the testing procedure, describing the steps, and tests to be followed. Detailed checklists have been delivered to Gsola, that will also serve as records of the process.

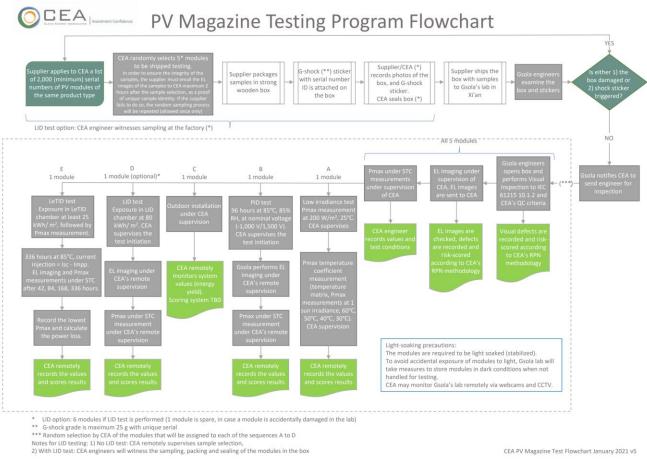


Figure 1 Test flowchart

CEA PV Magazine Test Flowchart January 2021 v5



2.2. Scoring methodology

For every product, 5 samples have been shipped to Gsola's lab to conduct the tests and inspections according to the above flowchart.

The following table describes the inspections and tests that have been applied on all products:

Table 1 Test/inspection grading system overview

| | Test/inspection | # of samples | Method | Values | Average grade weight | Grades |
|---|--|--------------|----------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------|
| 1 | Visual inspection | 5 | Inspection | RPN Scores | 10% | 1-100 |
| 2 | EL image inspection | 5 | Inspection | RPN Scores | 10% | 1-100 |
| 3 | Low irradiance efficiency loss | 1 | Test | % | 25% | 1-100 |
| 4 | Pmax Temperature coefficient | 1 | Test | %/°C | 25% | 1-100 |
| 5 | PID loss | 1 | Test | % | 30% | 1-100 |
| 6 | LID loss (optional) | 1 | Test | % | NA | 1-100 |
| 7 | LeTID | 1 | Test | % | NA | 1-100 |
| 8 | Outdoor installation and yield measurement | 1 | Energy Yield Monitoring | Periodic kWh/kWp | NA | NA |

Notes:

- The RPN scoring method has been developed by CEA and is used to evaluate and create risk scores of Visual and EL
 defects.
- 2. The weights are used to calculate the average grade for tests 1-5.

A number within the 1-100 range will be used to grade the results, so that the overall ranking of the products will reflect general industry practices and requirements:

Table 2 Detailed scoring system

| | Grade range: | 100 | 90 | 80 | 70 | 60 | 50 | 40 | 30 | 20 | 10 | 0 |
|---|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|-----------|
| 1 | Visual inspection (RPN scores) | 0 | 0.74 | 2.20 | 4.39 | 7.30 | 10.94 | 15.30 | 20.39 | 26.20 | 32.74 | ≥ 40 |
| 2 | EL image (RPN scores) | 0.00 | 2.03 | 4.62 | 7.75 | 11.43 | 15.65 | 20.43 | 25.75 | 31.62 | 38.03 | ≥ 45.00 |
| 3 | Low irradiance loss | ≤ -2.00% | -0.02% | 1.78% | 3.41% | 4.87% | 6.16% | 7.27% | 8.21% | 8.98% | 9.58% | ≥ 10.00% |
| 4 | Pmax Temp. coefficient | ≥ -0.300% | -0.343% | -0.382% | -0.417% | -0.448% | -0.475% | -0.498% | -0.517% | -0.532% | -0.543% | ≤ -0.550% |
| 5 | PID loss | ≤ 0.0% | 0.7% | 1.6% | 2.7% | 4.0% | 5.5% | 7.2% | 9.1% | 11.2% | 13.5% | ≥ 16.0% |
| 6 | LID loss (optional) | ≤ -0.50% | 0.35% | 1.20% | 2.05% | 2.90% | 3.75% | 4.60% | 5.45% | 6.30% | 7.15% | ≥ 8.00% |
| 7 | LeTID | ≤ 0% | 0.30% | 0.60% | 0.90% | 1.20% | 1.50% | 1.80% | 2.10% | 2.40% | 2.70% | ≥ 3.00% |

Notes:

- 1. The Visual and EL Inspection RPN scores will be divided by the number of samples, to normalize the score, as the total number of samples may vary.
- 2. The correspondence of the scores/test results to the grades follows a binomial or linear relationship, anchored to certain key values that are generally accepted and employed in the PV industry. For example, a PID loss of 5%,



which is the pass/fail threshold of the related IEC standard, will give a grade close to 50. In this sense, grades below 50 indicate a product performance that is below a generally acceptable threshold.

The scoring system shown in Table 2 is preliminary, and will be adjusted as the testing program develops, in order to better reflect the products standing per industry standards.

2.3. Selection methodology

We follow three testing sample selection methods:

- 1: Sample randomly selected by CEA from a large production lot
- 2: Sample purchased from the market by CEA
- 3: Sample provided by supplier, without random selection

The SS9-66HD-695N testing samples were selected according to method 3.



EST DETAILS

A sample lot consists of 5 modules, one of which has been used as a spare for the chamber and outdoor testing, in case a module is accidentally damaged during handling at the lab. Refer to Table 3 and Table 4 for test sample and product information.

Table 3 Test sample information

| Sample # | Serial number |
|----------|----------------------|
| 1 | ND144252496613200031 |
| 2 | ND144252496613200035 |
| 3 | ND144252496613200043 |
| 4 | ND144252496613200037 |
| 5 | ND144252496613200044 |

Table 4 Product information

| Model | SS9-66HD-695N |
|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| Cell technology | TOPCon |
| Cell number | 132 |
| Cell format | 210x210 mm |
| Number of busbars | 18BB |
| Junction box | IP68, 3 bypass diodes |
| Laminate construction | Glass |
| Bifaciality ratio | 80±5% |



Figure 2 Product nameplate



2.4. Visual inspection

All 5 modules of each product sample lot have undergone visual inspection, according to CEA's quality criteria for visual inspection. The defects found has been evaluated according to CEA's scoring system. The scoring system is a modified version of CEA's proprietary RPN (risk priority number) system, based on the formula RPN score = Severity x Detectability.

Front Side

Rear Side

Table 5 Product picture

The following table shows the visual inspection results, normalized for the number of tested modules:

Table 6 Visual inspection results

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Score | Grade |
|-------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| Visual inspection | None | None | None | None | None | 0 | 100 |



2.5. EL image Inspection

The same sample lot was inspected for EL defects.

Table 7 shows the EL inspection results normalized for the number of tested modules. Visual and EL inspection scores are shown below in Figure 3.

Table 7 EL image inspection results

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Score | Grade |
|---------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|-------|
| EL image inspection | None | None | None | None | None | 0 | 100 |

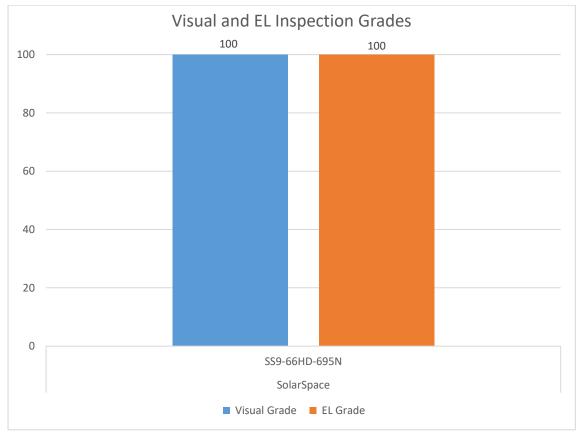


Figure 3 Visual and EL inspection results



2.6. Low irradiance efficiency loss test

The efficiency loss is calculated by the following formula:

Efficiency loss = 1- [(Pmax at low irradiance conditions / Pmax at STC) * (1,000/200)]

Table 8 and Figure 4 show the low irradiance efficiency test results for the front side.

Table 8 Low irradiance test results

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Grade |
|---|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| Front side low irradiance efficiency loss (%) | 3.50% | | | | | 69 |

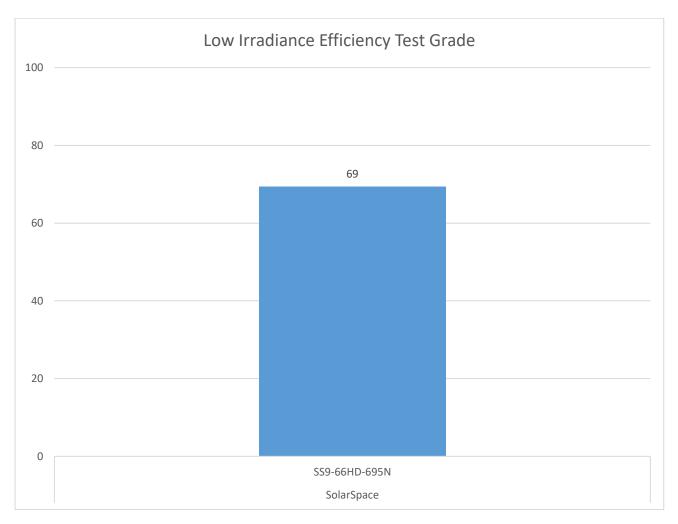


Figure 4 Low irradiance test result



2.7. Pmax temperature coefficient test

Table 9 and Figure 5 depict the Pmax temperature coefficient test results.

Table 9 Pmax temperature coefficient test result

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Grade |
|-------------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| Pmax Temperature coefficient (%/°C) | -0.282% | | | | | 104 |

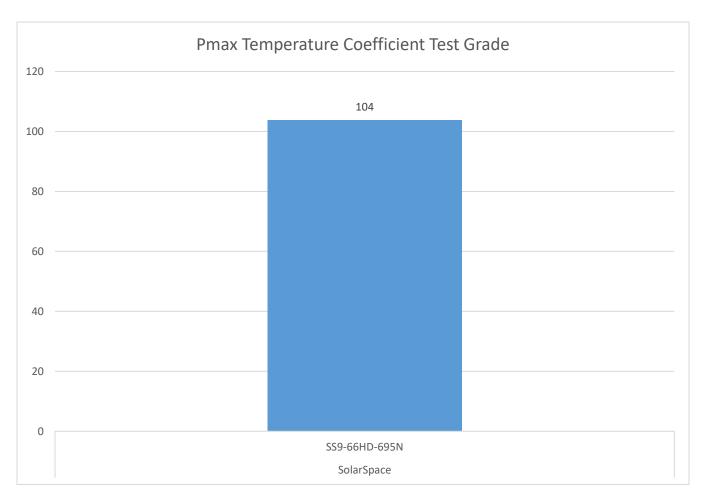


Figure 5 Pmax temperature coefficient test result



2.8. PID loss test

Table 10 and Figure 6 depicts the PID loss test results for the front side at 1500 V. After PID stressing the sample is light soaked for one day outdoors to recover any PID-p (polarization). The remaining degradation is considered to be due to Na ion migration.

Table 10 PID loss test result

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Grade |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| Front side PID loss (%) | | | 0.79% | | | |

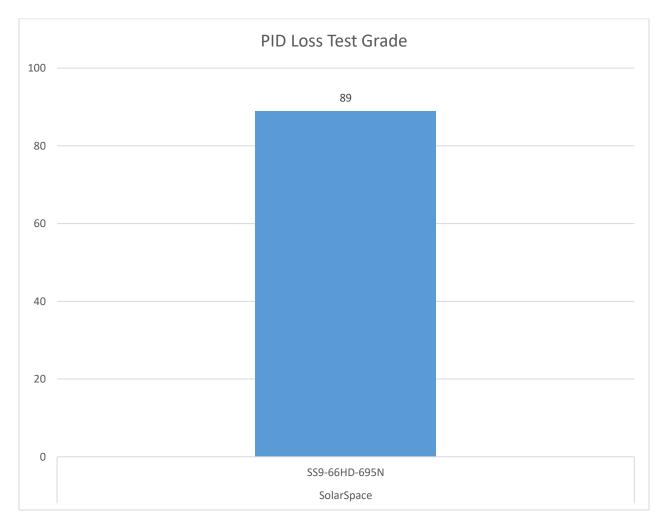


Figure 6 PID loss test result



2.9. LID loss test

Table 11 and Figure 7 depicts the LID loss test results for the front side:

Table 11 LID loss test result

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Grade |
|-------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|-------|
| Front side LID loss (%) | | 0.15% | | | | 92 |

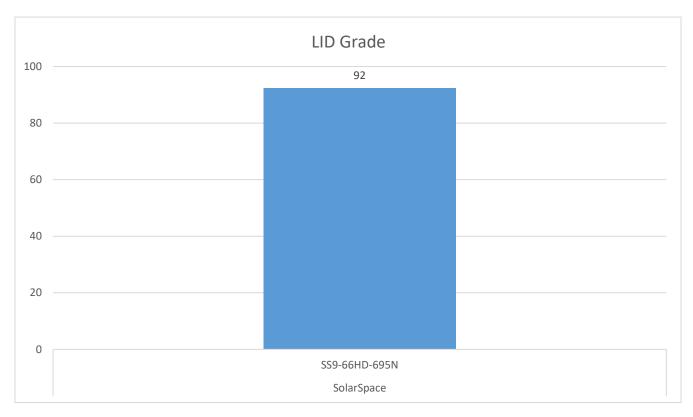


Figure 7 LID loss test result



2.10. Bifaciality ratio

The bifaciality ratio test result is not graded. We list the results here for informational purposes. The table below shows the bifaciality ratio results:

Table 12 Bifaciality ratio test results

| SS9-66HD-695N | Sample 1 | Sample 2 | Sample 3 | Sample 4 | Sample 5 | Average |
|-----------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|---------|
| Bifaciality ratio (%) | 79.37% | 79.48% | 79.66% | 79.10% | 80.70% | 79.66% |

The bifaciality ratio is calculated from the following formula:

Bifaciality ratio = (Pmax rear surface / Pmax front surface) * 100%



2.11. Score overview

Figure 8 shows the overview of the test scores. Figure 9 shows the average score.

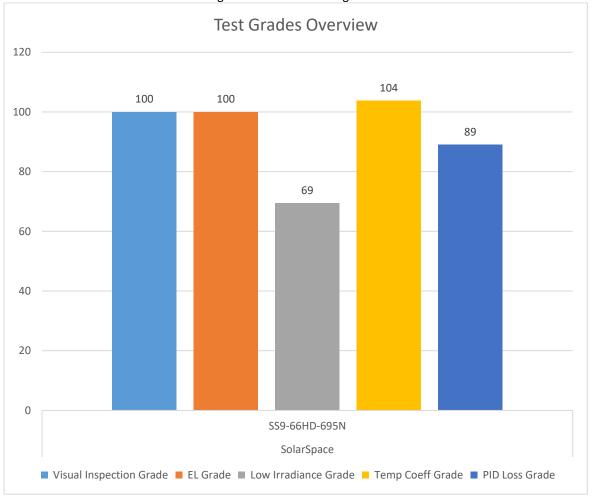


Figure 8 Test results overview

NOTE: The Average grade does **NOT** include the LID test, as it is optional and not performed for all products.



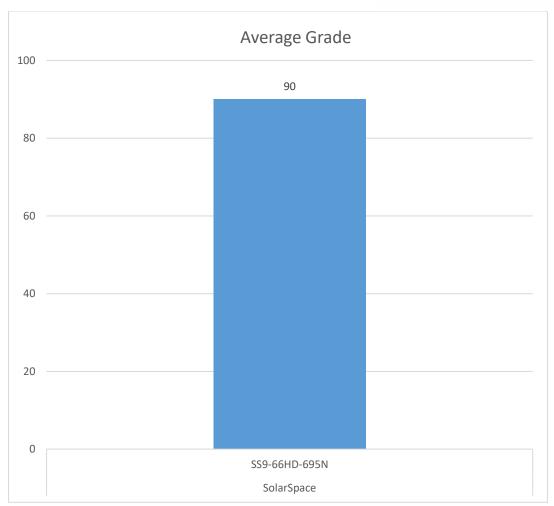


Figure 9 Average test grade



Appendix 1 – SS9-66HD-695N Datasheet



Lumina I



High Power Output

With 210 large wafer technology and slicing technology, multi-grid technology, high-density module packaging to ensure higher power output of modules



High Reliability

Excellent harsh tests results and advanced half-cell tech improve product reliability for long-term life cycle



Extra power generation

N-type wafers and cells bring ultralow LID&LeTID degradation, less than 1% 1st year degradation guaranteed, in addition lower temperature coefficient and better weak-light response provide extra power generation



High ROI

Bifacial power generation reduces BOS and system LCOE dramatically, promoting the project ROI

SolarSpace Technology Co., Ltd. was established in 2011, as a world leading solar cell and module manufacturer, concentrating on high efficient solar-technology production with 58.75GW+ capacity of solar cell and 5.7GW capacity of solar module in China and overseas.

*Please refer to SolarSpace for details

SS9-66HD 685-705N

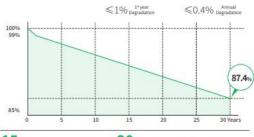
N-TOPCon Bifacial Dual Glass Module

705W

22,70%

Maximum Power Output

Maximum Module Efficiency



15 Years Product Warranty 30 Years Linear Power Warranty

Comprehensive Certificates

- «IEC61215 •IEC61730
- •IEC61701:Salt mist corrosion test •IEC62716:Ammonia corrosion test
- •IEC60068:Dust and Sand test
- •ISO9001:2015: Quality Management System
- •ISO14001:2015: Environment Management System
- •ISO45001:2018: Occupational Health and Safety Management Systems













N-TOPCon Bifacial Dual Glass Module SS9-66HD 685-705N

Electric Characteristics(STC)

| Module Type | SS9-66HD -685N | SS9-66HD -690N | SS9-66HD -695N | SS9-66HD -700N | SS9-66HD -705N |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------|
| Maximum Power (Pmax) [W] | 685 | 690 | 695 | 700 | 705 |
| Open-Circuit Voltage (Voc)[V] | 47.60 | 47.80 | 48.00 | 48.20 | 48.40 |
| Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp) [V | /] 39.90 | 40.10 | 40.30 | 40.50 | 40.70 |
| Short-Circuit Current (lsc)[A] | 18.20 | 18.24 | 18.28 | 18.32 | 18.36 |
| Maximum Power Current (Imp) [A |] 17.18 | 17.21 | 17.25 | 17.29 | 17.33 |
| Module Efficiency | 22.05% | 22.21% | 22.37% | 22.53% | 22.70% |

Irradiation 1000W/m2, Cell Temperature 25°C, AM=1.

Bifacial Output-Rearside Power Gain (695W)

| Power Gain | 5% | 10% | 15% | 20% | 25% |
|---------------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Maximum Power (Pmax) [W] | 730 | 765 | 799 | 834 | 869 |
| Open-Circuit Voltage (Voc)[V] | 47.90 | 47.90 | 47.90 | 48.00 | 48.00 |
| Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp) [V] | 40.30 | 40.30 | 40.30 | 40.40 | 40.40 |
| Short-Circuit Current (Isc)[A] | 18.84 | 19.56 | 20.25 | 20.98 | 21.69 |
| Maximum Power Current (Imp) [A] | 18.12 | 18.99 | 19.83 | 20.65 | 21.51 |
| | | | | | |

Electric Characteristics (NMOT)

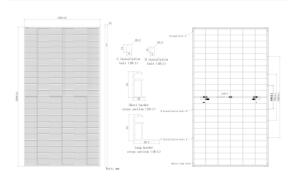
| Medule Tune | SS9-66HD | SS9-66HD | SS9-66HD | SS9-66HD | SS9-66HD |
|---------------------------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| Module Type | -685N | -690N | -695N | -700N | -705N |
| Maximum Power (Pmax) [W] | 522 | 526 | 530 | 534 | 538 |
| Open-Circuit Voltage (Voc)[V] | 45.10 | 45.30 | 45.50 | 45.70 | 45.90 |
| Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp) [V | 37.20 | 37.40 | 37.60 | 37.80 | 38.00 |
| Short-Circuit Current (lsc)[A] | 14.68 | 14.72 | 14.76 | 14.80 | 14.84 |
| Maximum Power Current (Imp) [A] | 14.04 | 14.07 | 14.10 | 14.13 | 14.16 |

Irradiance 800 W/m2, Ambient Temperature 20 °C, Wind Speed 1 m/s, AM=1.5

Temperature coefficients

| 0%/°C |
|-------|
| 0%/°C |
| ±2°C |
| |

Engineering Design

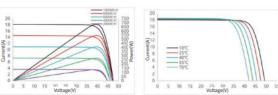


Mechanical Characteristics

| Cell Type | N-TOPCon |
|-----------------|--|
| Number of Cells | 132(6x22) |
| Dimensions | 2384X1303X33mm |
| Weight | 37.5kg |
| Glass | Front glass, 2.0mm coated semi-tempered glass |
| | Back Glass, 2.0mm glazed semi-tempered glass |
| Frame | Anodized Aluminum Alloy |
| Output Cables | 4mm²(IEC),12AWG(UL) 300mm(including connector) or Customized Length |
| Junction Box | IP68 Rated, 3 diodes |
| Connector | MC4-EVO2 or MC4 Compatible |
| Packaging | 33 Pieces/Pallet, 594 pieces/40' container |
| | |

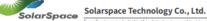
Characteristics

I-V/P-V Curve at Different Irradiation SS9-66HD-695N I-V Curve at Different Temperature SS9-66HD-695N



Operating Conditions

| Maximum System Voltage | 1500V DC (IEC) |
|----------------------------|----------------|
| Power Tolerance | 0~+3% |
| Operating Temperature | -40°C~+85°C |
| Maximum Series Fuse Rating | 30A |
| Mechanical Load Front Rear | 5400Pa |
| Mechanical Load Back Rear | 2400Pa |
| Bifaciality | 80±5% |



www.solarspacepower.com contact@solarspacepower.com

Specifications included in this datasheet are subject to change without notice Solarspace reserves the right of final interpretation. Version No:EU 202403